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## Multiplicator

X53102\_en

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Implement the function

```
int* multiply(int* in1, int* in2, int size );
```

The function receives two arrays of the given size, having integers between 0 and 9 in each position, so that the whole array represents a number. It should return a different array, allocated by the function, containing the product of the two numbers, stored in the same way than the arguments it receives. The result should contain  $2 \times \text{size}$  digits, using leading zeroes when needed. Consider  $1 \leq \text{size} \leq 100$ .

For example, for these input arguments

```
in1 = [3, 8]  
in2 = [1, 5]  
size = 2
```

your function should return

```
out = [0, 5, 7, 0]
```

### Observation

You only need to submit the required procedure; your main program will be ignored.

### Problem information

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