
Balanced sequences

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A sequence of numbers is *d*-balanced if the absolute value of the difference between any two consecutive numbers is at most *d*. Formally (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) is *d*-balanced if for all $1 \leq i < n$ it holds that $|x_i - x_{i+1}| \leq d$.

Write a program that, given an integer $n \geq 1$ and an integer $d \geq 0$, writes all *d*-balanced sequences that can be obtained by reordering the sequence $(1, 2, \dots, n)$.

Input

The input consists of an integer $n \geq 1$ followed by another integer $d \geq 0$.

Output

Write all *d*-balanced sequences that can be obtained by reordering the sequence $(1, 2, \dots, n)$. You can write the sequences in any order.

Sample input 1

3 1

Sample output 1

(1, 2, 3)
(3, 2, 1)

Sample input 2

4 2

Sample output 2

(1, 2, 3, 4)
(1, 2, 4, 3)
(1, 3, 2, 4)
(1, 3, 4, 2)
(2, 1, 3, 4)
(2, 4, 3, 1)
(3, 1, 2, 4)
(3, 4, 2, 1)
(4, 2, 1, 3)
(4, 2, 3, 1)
(4, 3, 1, 2)
(4, 3, 2, 1)

Sample input 3

1 0

Sample output 3

(1)

Problem information

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