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## Add rotate method to class `LinkedQueue`

T43800\_en

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In the `public_files` section of the problem statement, a class called **LinkedQueue**, which implements the **Queue ADT** using a singly-linked list, is defined. Extend the implementation of this class with a new public method `rotate()`. This method returns the element at the front of the queue and moves it to the back of the queue.

For example, if `q` is an instance of the class `LinkedQueue` that represents the following *queue*

```
front 5, 2, -1, 3, 0, 8, 6 back
```

after executing the statement `x = q.rotate()`, `x` will be 5 and the object `q` will represent the *queue*

```
front 2, -1, 3, 0, 8, 6, 5 back
```

Although the effect of `rotate()` on a non-empty queue `q` is the same as the combination

```
{\bf q.enqueue(q.dequeue())}
```

your implementation should be more efficient than making two separate calls.

You should also override the *special method* `__str__` of the class **LinkedQueue** so that the contents of an instance of this class representing a queue of integer numbers can be printed without making any call to the public method `dequeue`.

In particular, you should add the following public methods to the **LinkedQueue** class:

```
def rotate(self):  
    # Insert your implementation below  
  
def __str__(self):  
    # In the implementation of this method, assume the queue instance  
    # can only contain integer numbers. This is only true in the context  
    # of this problem.  
    # Insert your implementation below
```

### Sample input 1

```
5 2 -1 3 0 8 6
```

### Sample output 1

```
5 2 -1 3 0 8 6  
rotate returns: 5  
2 -1 3 0 8 6 5
```

### Problem information

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