The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

Haskell — Infinite lists

P98957_en

The goal of this problem is to work the definition of infinite lists. In particular, you are required to define functions that generate infinite lists to:

- 1. Generate the sequence of ones [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, . . .].
- 2. Generate the sequence of the natural numbers [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7...].
- 3. Generate the sequence of the integer numbers [0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 3, -3, 4...].
- 4. Generate the sequence of the triangular numbers: 0, 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, 21, 28, ...].
- 5. Generate the sequence of the factorial numbers: [1, 1, 2, 6, 24, 120, 720, 5040, . . .].
- 6. Generate the sequence of the Fibonacci numbers: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, ...].
- 7. Generate the sequence of prime numbers: [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, . . .].
- 8. Generate the ordered sequence of the Hamming numbers: [1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9,...]. The Hamming numbers are those that only have 2, 3 and 5 as prime divisors.
- 9. Generate the *look-and-say* sequence: [1, 11, 21, 1211, 111221, 312211, 13112221, 1113213211, . . .].
- 10. Generate the sequences of rows of the Tartaglia triangle (also known as Pascal's triangle): $[[1], [1, 1], [1, 2, 1], [1, 3, 3, 1], \dots]$.

Specification

Define the following functions:

```
ones :: [Integer]
nats :: [Integer]
ints :: [Integer]
triangulars :: [Integer]
factorials :: [Integer]
fibs :: [Integer]
primes :: [Integer]
hammings :: [Integer]
lookNsay :: [Integer]
tartaglia :: [[Integer]]
```

Observation

In this problem you cannot use infinite enumerations such as [1..], but you are advised to use higer-order functions such as *map*, *scanl*, *iterate*, *filter*, ...

Scoring

Each function score 10 points.

Sample input

take 8 ones
take 8 nats
take 8 ints
take 8 triangulars
take 8 factorials
take 8 fibs
take 8 primes
take 8 hammings
take 8 lookNsay
take 6 tartaglia

Problem information

Author: Albert Rubio / Jordi Petit

Translator: Jordi Petit

Generation: 2016-01-20 11:30:38

© *Jutge.org*, 2006–2016. http://www.jutge.org

Sample output

```
[1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1]

[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]

[0,1,-1,2,-2,3,-3,4]

[0,1,3,6,10,15,21,28]

[1,1,2,6,24,120,720,5040]

[0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13]

[2,3,5,7,11,13,17,19]

[1,2,3,4,5,6,8,9]

[1,11,21,1211,111221,312211,13112221,1113213211]

[[1],[1,1],[1,2,1],[1,3,3,1],[1,4,6,4,1],[1,5,10,10,5,
```