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## Rightmost position of insertion

**P54070\_en**

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Write an efficient function

```
int rightmost(double x, const vector<double>& v);
```

that returns the rightmost position where `@x@` could be inserted in the sorted vector `@v@` (by adding one position at the end of `@v@` and moving the necessary elements one position to the right) so that `@v@` would remain sorted.

For instance, assume that `@x@` is 23. If `@v@` is `@[15, 15, 20, 30, 40, 40]@`, then we must insert `@x@` at the position 3 (between 20 and 30), and the resulting `@v@` would be `@[15, 15, 20, 23, 30, 40, 40]@`. If `@v@` is `@[17, 23, 23, 35, 42, 42]@`, then we could insert `@x@` at the positions 1, 2 or 3, so your function must return 3. If `@v@` is `@[3, 5, 7, 9]@`, `@x@` should be inserted at the position just to the right of the end of the vector, that is, 4. As a final example, if `@v@` is `@[23, 23]@`, `@x@` should be inserted at 2.

### Precondition

The vector `@v@` is sorted in nondecreasing order.

### Observations

- Your solution can only include the `vector` library.
- You can write and use additional functions if you need them.
- You only need to submit the required procedure; your main program will be ignored.

### Problem information

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