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## Python — Funcions with lists

P51956\_en

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In this problem you must implement several functions on lists in Python.

1. Write a function *myLength(L)* that, given a list, returns its length.
2. Write a function *myMaximum(L)* that, given a non-empty list, returns its maximum.
3. Write a function *average(L)* that, given a non-empty list of numbers, returns its average.
4. Write a function *buildPalindrome(L)* that, given a list, returns the palindrome that starts with the reverse of the list.
5. Write a function *remove(L1, L2)* that, given a list *L1* and a list *L2*, returns the list *L1* after removing the occurrences of the elements in *L2*.
6. Write a function *flatten(L)* that recursively flattens a list whose elements may also be lists of different levels. Hint: use recursion and the *isinstance(x, list)* built-in function.
7. Write a function *oddsNevens(L)* that, given a list of integers, returns two lists, one with all the odd numbers and one with all the even numbers, in the same relative order than the original.
8. Write a function *primeDivisors(n)* that returns the list of all prime divisors of a non-zero positive integer.

### Scoring

Each function scores 12 points and the sample 4.

### Sample session

```
>>> myLength([1,3,6,1])
4
>>> myMaximum([4,3,1,5,4,5,2])
5
>>> myMaximum(['josep', 'jordi', 'albert'])
josep
>>> average([1,2,3])
2.0
>>> buildPalindrome(['pa','amb','oli'])
['oli', 'amb', 'pa', 'pa', 'amb', 'oli']
>>> flatten([[2,6],[[8,1,4],[3,'uau']],,[],[1]],[[]])
[2, 6, 8, 1, 4, 3, 'uau', 1]
>>> remove([1,4,5,3,4,5,1,2,7,4,2], [2,4])
[1, 5, 3, 5, 1, 7]
>>> oddsNevens([1,4,5,3,4,5,1,2,7,4,2])
([1, 5, 3, 5, 1, 7], [4, 4, 2, 4, 2])
>>> primeDivisors(255)
[3, 5, 17]
```

## **Problem information**

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Generation : 2019-11-15 19:05:54

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