Write a function that returns a sorted vector with the difference of the sorted vectors \( v_1 \) and \( v_2 \). The result must have the elements in \( v_1 \) that are not in \( v_2 \), without repetitions. For instance, the result of the difference of a vector with 1, 2, 2, 5, 5 and 7 and a vector with 2, 3, 3 and 7 is a vector with 1 and 5.

### Interface

- **C++**
  
  ```cpp
  vector<double> difference(const vector<double>& v1, const vector<double>& v2);
  ```

- **Java**
  
  ```java
  public static double[] difference(double[] v1, double[] v2);
  ```

- **Python**
  
  ```python
  difference (v1, v2)  # returns list
difference (v1: list [float], v2: list [float]) → list [float]
  ```

### Observation

You only need to submit the required procedure; your main program will be ignored.

### Problem information

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