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The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

Maximum sum of paths

Desè Concurs de Programació de la UPC - Final (2012-09-15)

You are given a tree with *n* nodes, where each edge has a positive cost. Let *x* and *y* be any two adjacent nodes. Define p(x, y) as the maximum cost of all paths (with no repeated nodes) whose first step goes from *x* to *y*. Define c(x) as the sum of p(x, y) for all *y* adjacent to *x*. Please compute the maximum value of c(x) among all nodes *x*.

Input

Input consists of several cases. Every case begins with the number of nodes n, followed by n - 1 edges, each one with two different nodes and the cost of the edge between them. Assume $2 \le n \le 10^5$. The nodes are numbered starting at zero. Each cost is an integer number between 1 and 1000. The given graph is always a tree. The number of steps between any two nodes is never larger than 1000.

Output

For every case, print the maximum c(x), and how many nodes x achieve such a value.

Sample input

 2
 0
 1
 100

 3
 1
 0
 10
 1
 2
 20

 4
 1
 0
 10
 1
 2
 20
 3
 1
 30

 6
 0
 2
 20
 1
 2
 50
 2
 3
 100
 3
 4
 30
 3
 5
 40

Sample output

Problem information

Author : Salvador Roura Generation : 2024-04-30 20:10:15

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