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The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

## Magic triangles

We define a magic triangle of size $n$ as a triangle with $n$ rows, the first one with $n$ elements, the second one with $n-1$ elements, $\ldots$, and the last one with one element, such that:

- All numbers between 1 and $n(n+1) / 2$ appear once.
- Each number that is not in the first row is equal to the absolute value of the difference of the two values immediately above it.

Write a program that, given an $n$, prints all the magic triangles of size $n$, or indicates that there is none.

## Input

Input consists of a natural number $n>0$.

## Output

Print all the magic triangles of size $n$. Note that the numbers are always written with two digits (if needed, adding a zero to the left), and that they are separated with two spaces. Print an empty line after each triangle.
Ignore the triangles that are symmetrical of any other lexicographically smaller. If there is no possible triangle for the given $n$, indicate it following the format of the example.

## Observation

It can be proved that there is no solution for $n \geq 6$, but do not use this fact in your program.

## Information about the checker

You can print the solutions to this exercise in any order.

## Sample input 1

2

## Sample input 2

5

## Sample output 1

$01 \quad 03$
02
0203
01

Sample output 2
$\begin{array}{lllll}06 & 14 & 15 & 03 & 13\end{array}$
$07 \quad 11 \quad 02$
$04 \quad 09$
05

## Sample input 3

6

## Problem information

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