## Jutge.org

The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

The cask of amontillado
P31675_en
Sisè Concurs de Programació de la UPC - Final (2008-10-01)

The thousand injuries of Fortunato I had borne as I best could; but when he ventured upon insult, I vowed revenge... We continued our route in search of the amontillado. We passed through a range of low arches, descended, passed on, and descending again, arrived at a deep crypt...
I forced the last stone into its position; I plastered it up...In pace requiescat!
With the excuse of sampling a cask of amontillado, Montressor has guided poor drunken Fortunato through the catacombs under Montressor's palace. There, in a very remote crypt, Montressor has immured Fortunato inside a hidden niche. Now Montressor wants to return to the chamber where they started their route, but he has forgotten the way to get there. Fortunatoly, Montressor has a map of the catacombs, which shows all the chambers and their direct connections. (Note that some steps are so difficult that it may be possible to pass from one chamber $u$ to another $v$, but not directly back from $v$ to $u$.) The map also shows which chambers contain amontillado.
Montressor and Fortunato went from a starting chamber $x$ to another chamber $y$ where they are now. Ironically, Montressor knows that there is no path from $x$ to any chamber with amontillado. Montressor also knows that it is possible to go from $y$ back to $x$. However, he cannot identify which is $x$ nor which is $y$ in the map. Please help him by computing the number of possible combinations for $x$ and $y$ that are consistent with all this information.

## Input

Input consists of several cases. Each one begins with the number of chambers $n$, a number $c$, and $c$ different chambers that contain amontillado. Follows a number $m$, and $m$ different pairs $u v$ (with $u \neq v$ ) denoting that there is a direct connection from $u$ to $v$. Assume $0 \leq n \leq 10000,0 \leq c \leq n$, and $0 \leq m \leq 10 n$. The chambers are numbered from 0 to $n-1$.

## Output

For every case, print its number, followed by the number of combinations for $x$ and $y$ that are consistent with Montressor's knowledge.

## Sample input

```
1 2
6
0}1010[\begin{array}{llllllllllll}{1}&{1}&{3}&{0}&{3}&{0}&{1}&{5}&{0}&{3}&{0}&{7}\\{\hline}&{1}&{0}&{4}
```


## Sample output

Case \#1: 2
Case \#2: 6

## Problem information

Author: Salvador Roura
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