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**Do it for the kids, Chuck!****P25738\_en**

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A gang of  $n$  vicious drug dealers is surrounding Walker, the world's favourite Texas ranger. But do not worry! This would be a critical situation for most people, but not for Walker. He can hit all of them with just a single of his "spinning kicks".

However, as this is a TV series, the co-guionist Aaron Norris has reminded his brother (the great actor Chuck Norris starring as Walker) that he should take care of several restrictions:

- Drug dealers can only be hit increasingly, from drug dealer 1 to drug dealer  $n$ . (This is because of the location of the camera.)
- Walker can only hit each drug dealer  $i$  at some specific time  $t_i$  known in advance. (This is due to the insurance that any actor working with Chuck has to take.) Therefore, Walker cannot hit two drug dealers  $i < j$  such that  $t_i > t_j$  with the same spinning kick.
- The time between two hits should be at least 10 ms. (Even a slow motion camera cannot properly film Chuck's kicks if they are too quick.) This implies that Walker cannot hit with the same kick two drug dealers  $i < j$  such that  $t_j - t_i < 10$  ms.

– "We must follow these rules, Chuck", Aaron says. "I'm sure it's not hard for you to find the maximum number of guys you can hit with a single spinning kick under these restrictions."

– "Indeed, it is not", Chuck replies after thinking for a couple of microseconds.

– "Then, Chuck, please, follow these rules. Do it for the kids, Chuck!"

– "Alright."

Can you write a program to compute the maximum number of drug dealers that Chuck can hit with a single spinning kick under the given restrictions?

**Input**

Input begins with a number  $t \geq 0$ . Follow  $t$  test cases, each with the number  $0 < n \leq 2000$  of drug dealers, followed by  $t_1, \dots, t_n$  in ms. Each  $t_i$  satisfies  $0 \leq t_i \leq 10^9$ . (Chuck can really give such loooong spinning kicks. Indeed, he is a 6-time Karate World Champion!)

**Output**

Print  $t$  lines with the answers.

**Observation**

Due to his Cherokee upbringing, Chuck can solve this problem in  $\Theta(n \log n)$  time. But *you* may be not as good a programmer as Chuck, so the Judge will accept quadratic solutions.

## Sample input 1

```
6
2 2000 2010
3 7000 7009 7018
4 8000 7000 6000 5000
1 100
10 0 11 45 23 30 48 19 11 60 73
13 84 85 94 105 45 107 32 68 45 109 67 77 120
```

## Sample output 1

```
2
2
1
1
6
5
```

## Problem information

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